

# WRECK DRY RAIDER'S CHURCH

## Electoral College Tieup Might Put Bryan In

WOULD PROFIT  
BY DEADLOCK IN  
CONGRESS POLL

Davis Begins Plans  
for His Campaign.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING  
New York, July 10.—(Special.)—Who will be the next President of the United States? Will it be Calvin Coolidge, John W. Davis, Charles Evans Davis or Charles W. Bryan? At this moment, before the actual opening of the contest, I should rank the candidates, in the order of their chances to be President beginning March 4, 1925, as follows:

1. Calvin Coolidge, President of the United States and Republican candidate to succeed himself.

2. Charles W. Bryan, governor of Nebraska and Democratic candidate for Vice President.

3. John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for President.

4. Charles G. Dawes, Republican candidate for Vice President.

Strangest Campaign on Record.

Anomalous and paradoxical, you may, to rate the Democratic candidate for Vice President as possessing the next best chance after the Republican candidate for President. Well, it looks as if this were going to be about the most anomalous and paradoxical contest for the presidency ever witnessed.

About the only prediction that can be made with assurance is that the next President will not be Senator Robert Marion La Follette of Wisconsin, independent candidate for the choice of magistracy of the nation. He may, however, jar the old parties loose from their moorings to such an extent that the election will be thrown into congress, where the house would be deadlocked indefinitely in all probability on the choice of the President and the chief executive beginning March 4, 1925, would be the Vice President elected by the Senate. There is reason to believe that Gov. Bryan would have a better chance of election by the Senate than Gen. Dawes.

Party Ties Weakening.

It is with these possibilities in mind that the Republican, Democratic and La Follette managers are entering upon this remarkable political canvas in a period distinguished by widespread discontent in the corn and wheat belts and a noticeable weakening of ties with the old parties generally.

The Republican managers are confident that the nomination of a conservative Democratic candidate for President narrows the race to Coolidge, the conservative, and La Follette, the radical, and that the country will repudiate radicalism overwhlemingly.

The Democratic leaders view the contest as a political threat cutting between Coolidge and La Follette which will enable Davis to win as did Wilson in 1912, when the Republican party split.

La Follette has no idea at present how he can win the presidency but he does expect to throw the election into congress and to name the next President.

Democrats Discuss Plans.

The Democrats took the first steps today toward organizing their forces for the campaign. Mr. Davis and Gov. Bryan met the members of the national committee and discussed plans. It was decided that Mr. Davis should be formally notified of his nomination at his West Virginia home Clarkeburg, about three weeks hence.

At about that time the national committee will meet again and elect a chairman of Mr. Davis' choice. It was stated that the new chairman would not be Frank L. Polk, the non-law partner, Clem Shaver of West Virginia, wealthy coal operator and shrewd politician, can have the if he wants it. If he doesn't want the present chairman, Cordell Hull, he will be retained.

Mr. Davis intends, it was further agreed, to make a formal tour of the country before entering upon the campaign. It is the connection of the law firm with J. P. Morgan as counsel that led to the hue and cry.

Mr. Davis is a Wall street can candidate to obey orders.

Mr. Davis was introduced to the members of the national committee by Mr. H. C. Smith.

"You will hardly expect me," the committee said, "to have any definite plan for the campaign. I am looking forward to the campaign."

(Continued on page 4, column 3.)

### NEWS SUMMARY

LOCAL

Bootleggers blamed for dynamiting of M. E. church in Joliet, of which Rev. Mr. Davis is pastor.

Page 1.

Motor bus crashes into auto on Lake shore drive, killing autoist; day total, 3 fatalities; county's death since Jan. 1 are 336; Collins press anti-speed crusade.

Page 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Field remarried.

Page 1.

Six bandits raid Prairie State bank in Oak Park; get \$1,000.

Page 7.

County board acts to widen road intersections and curves where trunk line highways act as gateway to Chicago.

Page 1.

Insull scheme of "patron stockholders" speeds owning of "L" lines by public, provides money for improvements, sets fast pace for Dever's city ownership plan.

Page 9.

Secretary of Labor Davis inspects Tribune Tower.

Page 12.

Alienists complete examinations of Franks slaves.

Page 11.

Three Polish boys would be imitators of Loeb and Leopold, are held to grand jury.

Page 11.

Wealthy gardener of Streator to visit Belgian war orphan.

Page 12.

Quest for Harold Bradley, lost reporter, again turns to southwest.

Page 12.

All mail to save bankers millions yearly, chiefs says.

Page 12.

POLITICAL

Mr. Henning picks Bryan as having best chance, next to Coolidge, of being next President, due to probability of deadlock in electoral college.

Page 1.

La Follette leaders say senator will not accept C. W. Bryan as running mate.

Page 1.

Charles Bryan, Democratic vice presidential nominee, tells why he thinks party will carry country in November.

Page 2.

John W. Davis' special manner wins friend of interviewers.

Page 9.

Senator Borah says coming campaign will be bitter struggle between individuals.

Page 3.

Reds hold a convention and nominate William Z. Foster as head of national ticket.

Page 4.

Labor leaders not friendly to Davis' candidacy despite his record in congress, friendly to labor.

Page 4.

George E. Brennan of Illinois wins name of national Democratic leader as convention.

Page 5.

DOMESTIC

Calvin Coolidge Jr. buried; first lady is a Spartan mother.

Page 5.

Doctors disagree on success of new cancer remedy.

Page 7.

American Bar association elects Secretary Hughes as president; criticizes U. S. senate committee for "stubbornness."

Page 26.

FOREIGN

London passed at results of meeting between MacDonald and Herrlot; ex-premier tempers attack on Herrlot in French senate and it is believed Socialists régime is safe.

Page 6.

United States informs league of nations it cannot adhere to draft of treaty of mutual assistance.

Page 6.

Germans claim they will swing million votes for U. S. presidential candidate despite evacuation of the Rhine.

Page 6.

Austrian nobles, spurred by Davis' success, sail for U. S. in quest of rich wife.

Page 6.

Crowds besiege American consulate in London seeking visas to United States.

Page 21.

SPORTING

Mrs. Lee W. Mads and Mrs. Meivin Jones meet today in finals for women's city golf championship.

Page 13.

Piavo Nurmi, great Finnish runner, wins two events in Olympics.

Page 13.

Yankee Olympic swimmers complete final trials to determine starters in Olympics.

Page 13.

Bill Tilden reaches semi-finals of national clay court tennis championship tournament at St. Louis.

Page 15.

Several amateur golf stars in first two rounds of state meet in Columbus, Ohio.

Page 13.

Cube win double header, 9 to 5 and 10 to 3, and gain on Giants.

Page 14.

Black Gold wins Derby rating hand cap over muddy track at Hawthorne.

Page 15.

Austrian nobles, spurred by Davis' success, sail for U. S. in quest of rich wife.

Page 6.

Ed Lewis reaches his world mark in bout with Mike Roman to night.

Page 15.

EDITORIALS

It's Davis, J. W. and Bryan, but Not W. J. John Quincy Adams: Commending Mr. Ford.

Page 8.

MARKETS

U. S. Steel report indicates better business is near at hand, in opinion of observers.

Page 22.

Bullish report on wheat outlook in Chicago advances prices here; corn loses early gains.

Page 24.

Realists' sales bring setback to prices in Wall street.

Page 25.

Hogs advance to \$7.55 and \$7.25 for highest top and average prices in three weeks; cattle also gain on good eastern demand.

Page 22.

### INSURGENT BOB REJECTS BRYAN FOR HIS TICKET

Wants Free Hand  
for Attack.

Washington, D. C., July 10.—Convinced that the nomination of John W. Davis by the Democrats is water on the wheel of the La Follette movement, the La Follette camp today made it known that Senator La Follette has no intention of entangling his own candidacy with the Democratic ticket by accepting Gov. Charles W. Bryan as his candidate for Vice President. The La Follette movement will be sterner and more distinct from the Democratic ticket, and thus Senator La Follette will be left free to assault that ticket. It is said the state of his health will force him to do his campaigning via radio from Washington.

At one time there was talk that Senator La Follette, if the Democrats chose a progressive candidate for Vice President, would be willing to have a Democrat put in second place in his ticket. But any such plan has been abandoned since the nomination of Davis and Bryan.

Consider Affiliation Mistake.

The La Follette leaders have been convinced that to link their ticket in any way with a Democratic ticket, headed by a man whom they consider reactionary, would be a mistake.

Senator La Follette made no public comment on the nomination of Davis and Bryan today. It was said at his office that he would make none at present, and especially that he did not intend to make any personal criticism of Mr. Davis. Whatever he has to say, it was pointed out, would be addressed to the principles and propositions for which Mr. Davis stands.

Before the nomination.

### THE CHANGING WORLD

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Before the nomination.



After the nomination.



During the deadlock.

After the ticket was nominated.

### STANLEY FIELDS ARE REMARRIED

Wed Quietly in Office of  
Attorney Fyffe.

(Picture on back page)

Mrs. Sara Carroll Brown Field and her former husband, Stanley Field, were remarried yesterday afternoon.

Thus was mended the rift in the family.

Mr. Field's nephew which was brought about two years ago when Mr. Field divorced Mrs. Field because she refused to live with him. The divorce proceedings at that time were not contested.

The remarriage of the divorced couple was performed yesterday afternoon quietly and without prior announcement in the offices of Mr. Fyffe's attorney, Col. C. H. Fyffe.

Only necessary witnesses were present.

Silence concerning the wedding was maintained last night

KODAK

\* \* \*

"he declared. "True, there are other causes, but if we can save the lives lost through speeders' recklessness, we will do our duty. When we accomplish that, and determine what other causes contribute to the slaughter, we will try to stop them."

"When I said speeding days were over I meant it."

Killed in Aurora.

Aurora, Ill., July 10.—[Special]—Oliver McMahon, 46, of Chicago, and formerly of Plano, Ill., died here of injuries sustained in an automobile collision south of Aurora.

MANY CARELESS DRIVERS

Not speed on the long stretches, but reckless twisting in and out of the lines of traffic and heedless turning of corners were the most noticeable of traffic violations by Chicago motorists yesterday afternoon, as noted by two reporters and a photographer from The Tribune.

While most motorists are obeying Chief Collins' warnings about fast driving, there were a few yesterday, particularly on north side streets, who drove about twenty-five miles an hour, and too many who failed to slow down turning corners.

Street car 'n' Speeder.

Nine fast vehicles were noted in an hour and a half, and two of these were street cars going through the loops. Automobiles were careful, but an 81st and Halsted street car No. 5111, passing down Clark street at 12:30 p.m., was making a little more than twenty miles an hour, and it reached Adams avenue at 8:30 p.m. and maintained a speed of eighteen miles between each stop from Madison to Jackson.

Here are other violators noted:

360-472, at 1:30 p.m. going west on Jackson, made twenty-seven miles an hour and turned south on Ogden avenue at fifteen miles an hour. A man drove the car.

775-348, at 2:30 p.m. going north on Humboldt boulevard kept a speed of thirty miles an hour, and was weaving in and out of traffic, and a collision at an intersection by the application of the emergency brake.

The car, a Hudson sedan, was driven by a young man.

65-501, at 2:35 p.m. going southeast on Elston avenue, kept at twenty-eight miles an hour and rounded into Fullerton, dodging heavy traffic at the corner at seventeen miles an hour.

The driver was a man in shirt sleeves.

5749, a coupe driven by a man, who was alone, kept at thirty miles steadily weaving in and out of traffic, north from the Edgewater Beach hotel on Sheridan road to Bryan Mawr. There he was lost in the traffic. He passed one car at thirty-two miles an hour.

54-659, a Dewey Laundry company truck, with mud dimming the license number, passed south on Broadway at thirty-two miles an hour and turned into Argyle street at fifteen miles.

572-340, at 3:30 p.m. drove at twenty-nine miles an hour south on Clark street to Montrose and then to Irving Park boulevard. A man drove alone.

533-989, at 3:40 p.m. took left turn from Irving Park road to a short dead end road. The driver was represented by a traffic policeman, and after turning a corner sped away at twenty-eight miles an hour.

509, an Illinois dealer number—a Rickenbacher car, driven by a young man, with another man companion, kept just at twenty-five miles an hour past Grant Park, and then turned east through Lincoln park, and was passed by no other car—good indication that the southbound drivers yesterday afternoon coming through the park were heading Chief Collins' injunction.

Another Fast Street Car.

One other street car, which kept a rapid speed, was noted. That was a Brown-way-State car, 448, that made twenty-five miles an hour from Belden avenue to Grace street.

Yesterday morning 177 speed violators were listed for the twenty-four hours previous. Of these 69 violated parking and crossing regulations. The west police yesterday reviewed 169 cases, and informed the violators that repeated offenses would result in police charges.

21 Persons Hurt When Bus and Auto Collide in N. Y.

New York, July 11.—[1:51 a.m.] Twenty-four persons were injured shortly after midnight when a Fifth Avenue bus and a touring car collided on Riverside drive. According to the police the auto driver made a sharp turn and ran into the front wheel of the bus. James Donnelly, driver of the bus, attempted to avert a collision, and in doing so ran into a tree. The bus overturned and rolled on top of the car.

Johnson & Harwood

Style Without Extravagance

Smart Silk Frocks

29.50

Expressing every new caprice in fashion and fabric. At left, a figured crepe with full length pleated frill. Various colors. 29.50.

Other Silk Frocks \$15 to \$35

Clothing every Spring Coat, Frocks, and Suits at drastically reduced prices.

37 South Wabash

3rd Floor, N. E. Corner Monroe

Take this adv. with you when shopping



## C. W. BRYAN HELD SECOND BEST BET TO BE PRESIDENT

### Due to Strange Mixup in Electoral College.

(Continued from first page.)

ing to you men and women to be the board of strategy and tactics for the party. Gov. Bryan and myself will be the general scouts.

"I shall spare no effort in the conduct of this campaign. I shall make every effort to be ready to meet the election and I shall hold myself ready to obey your orders at any and all times. I am personally certain, though I haven't had a chance to talk with Gov. Bryan—that it will be entirely agreeable if you see fit to issue an order changing my present office under the notification ceremonies."

"Then we can get together and talk things over and decide on any changes that are necessary."

Following Mr. Davis' running mate, Gov. Bryan of Nebraska was introduced at 8:30 p.m.

"I'm Exhibit B," said the governor. "I come from an unorganized country where every wage earner is a student of politics, and whenever two or three men meet at the crossroads they generally discuss the organization of their party."

"The Isolationists, 15, probably will be the doubtful list this year. The Isolationists are willing to nominate a man willing to concede Davis before the nomination of Brother Charley II, however, Brother Charley has any pulling power at all, the Democrats will carry Nebraska, 8, and that would boost the Democratic total to 163."

Outlook for Coolidge.

President Coolidge presumably will carry California, 13; Connecticut, 7; Maine, 2; Massachusetts, 9; Maryland, 1; Massachusetts, 15; Michigan, 15; New Hampshire, 4; New Mexico, 3; Oregon, 5; Pennsylvania, 38; Rhode Island, 5; Utah, 4; Vermont, 4; Wyoming, 3—a total of 122.

Presumably he would carry his state, West Virginia, 3, and Maryland, 3, thereby securing 155. The other border state, Missouri, 18, probably will be the doubtful list this year. The Isolationists are willing to nominate a man willing to concede Davis before the nomination of Brother Charley II, however, Brother Charley has any pulling power at all, the Democrats will carry Nebraska, 8, and that would boost the Democratic total to 163."

"I am at your command," he told Mr. Davis. "Call on me when you need me and I shall do all I can for the ticket."

Why Bryan Was Wanted.

Mr. Davis thanked the Commandant, who was the first to nominate the candidate, and said that the reason he gave was that he had been asked to be the general scouts.

"I am at your command," he told Mr. Davis. "Call on me when you need me and I shall do all I can for the ticket."

The Irony of Politics!

Doyle's Irony of Politics.

States which it is believed Mr. Coolidge will carry are: Minnesota, 12; Montana, 4; North Dakota, 5; South Dakota, 5; Washington, 7, and Wisconsin, 13—total of 46.

If Davis and Bryan would carry Connecticut, 7; Maine, 2; Maryland, 1; Massachusetts, 15; Michigan, 15; New Hampshire, 4; New Mexico, 3; Oregon, 5; Pennsylvania, 38; Rhode Island, 5; Utah, 4; Vermont, 4; Wyoming, 3—a total of 122.

It would be within the power, however, of La Follette and three other radical Republican senators and two Farmer-Laborites to put over Gov. Bryan.

The Nebraska governor advocates measures that do not widely differ from some of the major planks of the La Follette platform. There is no gainsaying the fact that he would be preferred to Davis by most of the radical Republican senators and that Davis of course, by the present senate in which La Follette and his group had the balance of power.

This consideration is bound to large in the campaign maneuvers of Gov. Bryan and La Follette.

Seized with Cramps While Swimming, Drowns

James Arcades, 80 years old, of Chicago, was drowned in the lake of Bryan Mawr avenue last night while swimming. He is believed to have been seized with cramps.

### MRS. WILSON ONE OF 1,500 TO SEND DAVIS MESSAGE

New York, July 10.—[Special]—From all parts of the United States and from abroad, John W. Davis received more than 1,500 telegrams, cables and radiograms of congratulations.

Among them was this one sent by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson from Washington:

"Heartiest congratulations to you and the party. I feel that in your hands lies the thing. Mr. Wilson fought for will have a worthy champion. Congratulations to Mrs. Davis."

In reply Mr. Davis wired:

"Your message was most gratifying and touched me deeply. Permit me to convey my very warm and heartfelt thanks for your kind words."

Mr. Davis is deeply grateful for my nomination. I sincerely hope that I may be worthy of the confidence you express and that the great principles and purposes for which Mr. Wilson so valiantly fought may further triumph in the coming election. Mrs. Davis joins me in thanks for your message."

Winnetka Cops Accuse Woman as Bootlegger

Chief William Peterson of the Winnetka police announced that he will seek a federal injunction closing the grocery and lodging house of Mrs. Frank Ragghianti at 955 Linden avenue for violating the Volstead act. Yesterday the woman, who is a widow, was fined \$50 for selling liquor.



## FINAL CLEARANCE of Shayne Millinery

\$5

Values to \$25

\$10

Values to \$37.50

The styles are so varied it would be impossible to describe them—they are of typical Shayne distinction.

Fabrics—Fabric and Straw Combinations—Bangkok—Milan, etc., in every color; for Sports, Dress or Afternoon Occasions.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.  
MICHIGAN AT RANDOLPH

### "BROWNS" OFF FOR EUROPE, BUT REALLY IT'S M'ADOO FAMILY

New York, July 16.—[Special]—William Gibbs McAdoo, accompanied by Mrs. McAdoo, and their two daughters, Mary Faith and Ellen Wilson, will be passengers on the White Star liner *Homeric* Saturday morning.

It would be necessary for Davis to obtain three or more of the five equally divided delegations, while Davis would have to get five more.

It is not known whether every Republican and Democrat in the five deadlocked delegations is present and voting his party choice no votes could be gained from this source by any of the candidates.

It would be necessary for Davis to take to the big political pond like a duck. He doffed his black skull cap, retired to his modest bedroom on the fourth floor of the Waldorf-Astoria, and became cautious in all except the pleasant generalities of congratulatory and optimistic conversation.

Visitors to the Nebraska room today were edified to see the great "W. J." performing unassuming secretarial duties within the halo of the new glory that has come to the Bryan camp.

It is not known whether Davis has died out.

Strange political bedfellows on the surface of things, the Browns and John W. Davis unite under the common banner of the "progressive Democratic platform" which the great Commoner was such a force in bringing.

Davis Visits Running Mate.

Mr. Davis called on Mr. Bryan today with his friend Frank L. Polk, who was whispering to the Vice President about a talk with W. J. This was arranged later.

William Jennings Bryan may feel, he has subordinated everything to the party cause and to the interests of his brother, who has been a faithful supporter and confidant for twenty-eight years of political strife.

Upon the table in "Brother Charley's" room was a pile of neat pamphlets, entitled "Gov. Bryan—

for President. Some other nominally Republican states might also vote for La Follette. So Coolidge, in order to be elected, would have to obtain three or more of the five equally divided delegations, while Davis would have to get five more.

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## "Brother Charlie" Bryan Finds Politics Easy Game; Sees Victory in November

BY PHILIP KINSLEY.

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November

lling the farmer what he  
e saved.  
nally Republican  
000 or 60,000," said Gov.  
elected governor by a  
000. I had the support  
labor party in the state,  
brotherhoods and un  
ions.

as been a testing ground  
This is the only Repub  
lican contests in the last  
I have won all of them  
from 3 to 1 to 1 to 1.  
now, of course, from the  
ticket in Nebraska."

is 67 years old and has  
er and commercial trav  
els. He now  
lives near Lincoln.

"B.B.'s" Magazine,  
farmer's son," he said.  
born near Salem, Ill. I  
iron from the time I was  
shutting live stock and  
I was 26. When I went  
close of the '96 cam  
to work with my brother  
ed his magazine and or  
country for him in five

"farming pay now?" he  
id he replied:

ers used to be able to  
and go to the city to  
we have to make money  
support the farms. A  
ministration will rever

Bryan as School Boy  
Ill., July 10.—[Special]  
Bryan, Democratic  
President, attended pre  
of Illinois college here  
1884 and clerked for C.  
local grocery man. His  
Jesse Bryan, grad  
Bryan followed his bro  
Older residents are  
the students days of  
Bryan brothers while

## NOMINEE DAVIS' GENIALITY WINS MANY FRIENDS

Snubs Bill Bryan Gently;  
Latter Doesn't Mind.

BY JAMES O'DONNELL BENNETT.  
(Pictures on back page.)

New York, July 10.—[Special]—In  
John W. Davis you Democrats have a  
pleasant presidential candidate with  
distinction in his bearing and his utter  
ance.

He looks and acts neither the lawyer  
nor the politician.

He looks and acts the gentleman.  
His gestures are infrequent and mod  
erate; his movement is slow; his voice  
is mild; his smile is most winning; his  
manners are rather stately, but with  
out any touch of pomposity.

His temperament toward persons he  
meets seems to be gentle.

Gently Snubs the Congressman.

This morning, for an illustration, he  
gently greeted William Jennings Bryan  
when that aged mentor hustled for  
ward to make his homage to the new  
party chief, gently but reticently  
thanked him for his profuse of cam  
paign services, and gently but expedit  
iously on about his business.

In short, he gently snubbed him.

Everybody in the group around  
Davis and the elder Bryan felt that  
Bryan had been snubbed. It would  
be untrue to say that the incident  
caused anybody any special pang—  
least of all Mr. Bryan.

For the moment, there were con  
cerned it them takes to Mr. Davis  
rather the more. He certainly was  
not fawning on the man who can,  
when he will, make the daintiest and  
darlingest of campaign speeches. Yes,  
far from fawning, Mr. Davis moved se  
rely, but decisively toward the door  
of the big Warrent room where the  
Democratic revolutionaries had their  
thrusts a long fortnight ago, and he  
left Elder Bryan standing in the mid  
dle.

Davis' Knick of Quizzing Self.  
The fact that instantly will strike  
you when first you meet your can  
didate face to face is the fact that he  
has a knack for quizzing—gentily quiz  
zing.

But he does it without clevetness.  
In other words, he does not carry it  
too far. It amounts to this: He is  
good naturally self-deprecating.

He quizzed himself time and again  
this morning, and was charming to  
see how the gentle and not undignified  
sense of that knack of his  
hit his fellow men instantly at  
their ease.

Of course, the first question fired at  
him today concerned his immediate  
plans.

With the disarming smile, he replied:  
"Well, I suppose, like everybody  
else that had anything to do with this  
convention, I am planning to get a  
little sleep."

You see how he instantly established  
the fellow feeling.

And again, in reply to a question  
as to whether he would sever his  
connection with the law firm of Stetson,  
Jennings, Russell & Davis, down at 15  
Broad street, New York City, these  
words:

"O, yes! I think my partners would  
sever it if I didn't. They have a fixed  
aversion down there to a man who  
does not pull his own weight in the  
boat." (Prolonged laughter, as the say  
ing is.)

During the visit there were on the  
scene that breaming inevitability—the  
person who knew the newly stamped  
notable when he was not so notable.  
In this case the person was George  
Laughlin of "The New W. Va." and  
he rushed up to the candidate and  
whispered to him so close and fond  
that I thought he was going to kiss  
him. Maybe he would have, except  
that Mr. Davis is so tall that the kiss  
would have landed on his coat collar.

Nearly Beat Him for Congress.

Any way, the candidate said to his enough for all that. The second rea

## CROWD GATHERS AT SCENE OF MOTOR TRAGEDY



Scores of people were attracted to the scene of a motor smashup at Lake Shore drive and Scott street early last night. One motor bus

crashed into the middle of the drive tried to pass another bus and crashed head on into an automobile. The auto sprang from his car and was

grinning admirers in a hearty kind of

"Well, here's a man who tried to  
beat me for congress." "Carn" daren't  
dare it!" (Risen) laugher at  
the release of the rustic "darn."

Later I asked Mr. Davis when it was  
that Mr. Laughlin came so "darn"  
near beating him for congress, and he  
replied:

"Nineteen twelve," and then, with  
what journalists call "the can" in  
mind, he added:

"He came within 148 votes of beat  
ing me for congress, and I suppose that  
148 votes has accounted for a  
good deal of the trouble I've had  
since." (Here THE TRAINEE tribute  
to merry laughter. I tell you by the  
way, they all feel pretty good  
and so companionable. You see he

Reporters Ask Banalities.

For the lack of something more sens  
ible to ask him, one of the reporters  
asked him these banalities:

"When you drove down the avenue  
this morning from Mr. Folke's residence  
did you pass any houses loaded with  
southern friends? Did they recognize  
you? Did you cheer you?"

"Cheer me!" quizzed the candidate.  
"They didn't even recognize me. But  
I passed a great many buses."

He was asked how much longer he  
would stay at Mr. Folke's residence  
before he would return to his  
federal office, formerly an  
adviser of state at Washington.

The way Mr. Davis replied "none  
of your business," without saying it  
was rather deft. It was this way and  
the way was accompanied with one of  
the winning smiles addressed to Mr.  
Folk:

"O, he may turn me out any minute,  
I may go tonight."

Mr. Folk made a gesture of dissent.

Too Early for Statement.

Mr. Davis has an easy way of gilding  
from moderate glee to unforced ser  
iousness. The serious part of the visit  
came when he was asked about polit  
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for two reasons. The first, he said,  
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son he gave in these words, uttering  
them with—not solemnity precisely—but  
earnest tenderness:

"Another reason is that this is the  
day of the funeral of the President's  
son, and it ought to be observed with  
a certain amount of respect for our  
President and his family. This  
day, of all days, I ought not to fly my  
own kite, if you want to put it that  
way."

That is what I refer to when I say  
that you can't get a good  
night's sleep."

"He came within 148 votes of beat  
ing me for congress, and I suppose that  
148 votes has accounted for a  
good deal of the trouble I've had  
since." (Here THE TRAINEE tribute  
to merry laughter. I tell you by the  
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and so companionable. You see he

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## LABOR NO FRIEND TO DAVIS DESPITE HOUSE RECORD

As a Solon He Showed Favor to Unions.

New York, July 10.—[Special.]—Organized labor did not take kindly to the nomination of John W. Davis as the Democratic candidate for President, despite his record in Congress, rated favorable to labor.

Labor leaders' objections to Davis are based on his opposition to labor and his participation in Hitlerian growing out of troubles in the soft coal mines.

In Congress he was recorded for the only four measures labor was fighting for in his two terms, and did not vote for an equal number of measures that labor considered antilabor.

His Record in Congress.

This record, taken from the files of the legislative committee of the American Federation of Labor, is as follows:

Sixty-second congress:

March 23, 1912—Anti-phosphorous match bill; favorable to labor.

March 24, 1912—Children's bureau bill; favorable to labor.

May 12, 1912—Popular election of senators; favorable to labor.

July 11, 1912—Clayton contempt bill (final passage); not voting.

Dec. 17, 1912—Anti-trust tests; for immigrants; not voting.

March 1, 1913—Workmen's compensation bill; favorable to labor.

March 4, 1913—Sundry civil bill; over veto because it exempted labor from provisions of anti-trust act; favorable to labor.

Sixty-third congress:

April 21, 1913—Rule to consider sundry civil bill; with anti-trust provisions favoring labor; not voting.

This record is summarized as follows: Votes favorable to labor; 4; paired favorable to labor; 1; unpaired favorable to labor; 1; not voting; 4; abstained; none; total, 8.

Again He Helped Unions.

Mr. Davis' friends also claim for him that he drafted the Clayton anti-trust bill, purporting to exempt labor unions from provisions of the Sherman act. He is also claimed as having defended Mother Jones and Eugene V. Debs in prosecutions growing out of mining troubles in West Virginia many years ago, and with having been counsel for the Window Glass Workers' union in anti-trust litigation.

Against these credits the labor men will point his connection with big business interests included in the Morgan-Rockefeller groups and his part in the famous Colorado case.

In the latter case, growing out of an attempt of coal operators to break down union conditions in Arkansas and operate under the open shop, a suit was brought in the United States District court against the United Mine Workers of America under the Sherman act to recover for destruction of property incidental to the strike. A sum was verdict for approximately \$4,000,000, returned for the plaintiffs, was reversed in the Supreme court of the United States.

Following this reversal, Mr. Davis, as counsel for the plaintiffs, argued for rehearing. In this he attempted to have the principle laid down that a national or international union is responsible for all damages to property that may arise from strike of any of its members, though the strike or other means may not have resulted from any act of the parent body or with the knowledge or approval of its officers.

**BANDITS BIND JEWELER; TAKE \$3,000 IN GEMS**

Two youthful bandits held up C. Carlson in his jewelry store at 2844 Madison avenue yesterday afternoon and escaped with watches, rings and diamonds valued at between \$2,000 and \$3,000. The men had asked to see a diamond stickpin and Carlson was showing them a tray when he was suddenly seized, bound, revolver drawn and forced to descend to the basement, where he was bound and gagged.

**Betty Wales Shops**  
65-67 E. MADISON ST.  
WILSON AVE at SHERIDAN RD. and in EVANSTON

## CLEARANCE

### Coats

\$20—\$30—\$40—\$50—\$60

Formerly up to \$150

### Silk Frocks

\$20—\$29.75—\$39.75

Formerly up to \$75

### Summer Silk Frocks

\$18.75      \$23.75

New Dresses at Half Their Worth

Repair Service

**GOTHAM GOLD STRIPE**  
RELIABLE U.S. PAY-OFF

Silk Stockings that Wear

All Sizes

## DEMOCRATIC PARTY ANNOUNCES ITS NEW NATIONAL COMMITTEE

### INSURGENT BOB REJECTS BRYAN FOR HIS TICKET

(Continued from first page.)

New York, July 10.—[By the Associated Press.]—Following are the names of the new Democratic committee members officially recorded today after the initial meeting of the committee:

Alabama—Walter Moon and Mrs. Charles A. Johnson; W. L. Barnum and Mrs. Theo. March.

Arkansas—Vencent H. Miles and Mrs. James D. Hood.

California—Edgar N. Deckweller and Mrs. George E. Lee.

Colorado—John T. Burnett and Mrs. George E. Jenkins.

Connecticut—Homer Cummings and Miss Caroline Ruttis Gray.

Delaware—Andrew C. Gray and Mrs. John G. Evans.

Florida—J. T. G. Cawden and Mrs. Lois G. Evans.

Georgia—Robert H. Eber and Mrs. Teresa G. Graham.

Illinois—Charles A. Griswold and Mrs. John G. F. Farley.

Kentucky—Urv Woodson and Mrs. J. G. Woodson.

Louisiana—Lee Bennett Thomas and Mrs. George E. Johnson.

Maine—John T. Kenner and Mrs. Emily L. Higgs.

Massachusetts—Edward W. Quinn and Mrs. Nellie M. Sullivan.

Michigan—William A. Comstock and E. G. Brookwood.

Minnesota—Joseph Wolf and Miss Jessie M. Stevens.

Mississippi—Henry Minor and Mrs. Daisy McLaughlin Stevens.

Missouri—John T. Kenner and Mrs. Emily Newell Blair.

Montana—J. Bruce Kremer and Mrs. Emily Galtis.

Nebraska—Arthur F. Muller and Mrs. Nellie M. Sullivan.

New Hampshire—Samuel H. Pickett and Mrs. Frances French.

New Jersey—Robert C. Murchie and Mrs. Dorothy E. Jackson.

New Mexico—Arthur Seltman and Jessie Martin Kirby.

North Carolina—Frank E. Mack and Miss Elizabeth Marbury.

North Dakota—R. B. Murphy and Mrs. Nellie M. Sullivan.

Ohio—Harold H. Moore and Mrs. Berice Pyke.

Oklahoma—Scott Ferris and Mrs. D. A. McDevitt.

Pennsylvania—Will R. King and Mrs. Irene E. Sturz.

Pennsylvania—Joseph F. Gaffey and Mrs. Lillian E. Roppe.

Rhode Island—Patrick H. Quinn and Mrs. Lydia E. Newton.

South Dakota—John Gary Evans and Mrs. Leron Springs.

Tennessee—Cordell Hull and Mrs. Senator Morris.

Texas—Thomas R. Love and Mrs. J. T. Bloodworth.

Utah—James H. Moyer and Mrs. Weston L. Ladd.

Vermont—Frank H. Duffy and Miss Alice D. Sturz.

Virginia—Carter Glass and Mrs. Beverly R. Mumford.

Washington—George F. Christensen and Mrs. D. Christian.

West Virginia—Charles W. Cooton and Mrs. Lillian E. Roppe.

Wisconsin—Martin L. Laska and Mrs. George E. Hawley.

Wyoming—Patrick J. Donohue and Mrs. John W. Aldrich.

District of Columbia—John F. Costello and Mrs. J. Gordon Harrison.

Alabama—John W. Wilson and Mrs. L. L. McDaniels.

Pennsylvania—Robert W. Manley and Mrs. John W. Aldrich.

Porto Rico—Henry W. Dooley and Mrs. Lydia L. Norton.

Guam—Frank T. Hamlin and Mrs. H. E. Keenan.

ence for a reconsideration of the action of the Communist-controlled St. Paul convention. They were little concerned whether the MacDonald-Bouck ticket named at St. Paul is withdrawn.

According to the Koenenkamp-McGraw idea the minority groups should support candidates for state and county offices regardless of party labels or independent candidates not affiliated with any party.

While La Follette supporters were lambasting the Davis-Bryan ticket in the same language they used towards Coolidge and Davis, the American leaders had little comment to make on the Democratic nomination.

Bryan and Davis Fals.

Charles G. Dawes, the G. O. P. vice presidential nominee, however, had a few complimentary remarks for his old friend "Charlie" Bryan.

"Gov. Bryan and I differ sharply, of course, in political matters," he said, "but that has never interfered with the personal friendship, which for many years has been a fact."

McGraw and Koenenkamp are understood to be opposed to a state or county ticket, and only a small but vociferous minority favor a combined ticket, as well as those proposed by the various Farmer-Labor factions, would be withdrawn.

Little prospect of an agreement between the different groups which represent the various state and county ticket is seen yet.

Republican national headquarters closed yesterday in observance of the funeral of Calvin Coolidge Jr.

La Follette leaders appeared to take little interest in the outcome of the so-called Farmer-Labor party conference.

**FOSTER HEADS TICKET OF REDS FOR PRESIDENCY**

To spike the nominations of the St. Paul convention. Fifty delegates representing branches of the Workers' party in various cities, attended the gathering.

Since the St. Paul convention Foster and his cohorts have controlled a political party which could only muster a handful of men and women who were dissatisfied with the world in general.

Mr. Gillow, the candidate for Vice President, was one of the first communists convicted in the Republican primary, is still regarded as a possible independent candidate.

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**WOMAN BATTLES WOMAN ON "L" FOR LAVALLIERE**

A pearl and diamond lavalliere, taken

as the cause of battle between two feminine passengers yesterday.

Mrs. Clarence Miller, who lives at East Chicago, Ind., caught the eye of Mrs. Alfred O. Erickson, wife of a former assistant corporation counsel.

Mrs. Erickson's home at 633 Bitterweet place was burglarized last April, and a lavalliere was the lost. After starting to Mrs. Miller's ornament for sale, Mrs. Erickson concluded that the lavalliere was hers. She rushed across the aisle and said so. "Thief" and "robber" were plainly to be heard.

By the time the train pulled into the Randolph street station, passengers were doing their best to separate the battling women. A policeman escorted them to the Central station, where Mrs. Miller insisted that the lavalliere was a birthday present from her husband six years ago. A true official legacy of Russian activities.

At a meeting yesterday of communists in the Imperial hall, at 2405 North Halsted street, it was decided

to spike the nominations of the St. Paul convention. Fifty delegates representing branches of the Workers' party in various cities, attended the gathering.

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**AGED MAN LOSES MEMORY SAVE HE ONCE WAS A COUP**

An elderly man, minus his coat and most of his memory, entered the Warren Avenue station with faltering steps last night and stood before the lieutenant's desk.

"I am Frank Robinson and once I was a policeman," he said. "I've been wandering around trying to get my memory back again. I can't seem to remember who it is who my friends are. I recalled that I was a police station here, and I thought maybe you boys could help me find my folks."

Gen. Danes plans to spend Saturday and Sunday at Sunnyside Farm, near Oregon, Ill., with former Gov. Frank O. Lowden in the "discussion of agricultural affairs."

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**CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO**

During July and August This Store Closes on Saturdays at 1 P. M.

##



## LONDON PLEASED OVER MACDONALD PARLEY IN PARIS

Poincare Temps Attack  
on Premier Herriot.

BY JOHN STEELE.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

LONDON, July 10.—Unqualified gratification is expressed in diplomatic circles in London today at the result of the Paris meeting between Prime Minister MacDonald and Premier Herriot. The British are highly pleased that the conference has been saved at all and now admit that they feared it might have been wrecked by the Poincaré intervention. However, some quarters are far from pleased at the conclusions which Mr. MacDonald has to make in the French, particularly that the reparations commission must be the body to decide on future defaults committed by Germany. The reparations commission is no more popular in England than in America.

American circles here are rather more optimistic, and it is hoped that the conference, which begins in London next Wednesday, will result in putting the Dawes report into immediate operation.

If the British government refuses to be officially represented on the reparations commission, arrangements may be made to appoint an American citizen who will have no connection with the government, but who will be personally approved by the British.

The question of the discussion of allied debts also has raised misgivings here. Mr. MacDonald is anxious to confine the conference to the Dawes report, but was compelled to give way to Premier Herriot.

**Debate Is Postponed.**

The debate on the situation, which was to have taken place tonight, was postponed until Monday at the request of Mr. Poincaré, who wants to see Mr. Herriot makes out before opening his attack on Mr. MacDonald. Mr. MacDonald, however, in reply to an arranged question by former Prime Minister Baldwin, made a short statement on the subject, adding:

He said an unfortunate situation having arisen in Paris, which threatened to destroy the work done in arranging for an interallied conference, he had been in Paris trying to remove it. The British government's view was that the effort should be made to put the reparations report into operation without delay, and many details required full discussion. The French nation was unwilling to allow

**2,000 INCOME TAX  
REFUNDS SENT OUT;  
FIRST OF \$16,000,000**

Washington, D. C., July 10.—The treasury today mailed out 2,162 checks to taxpayers covering the amount of refunds due them as a result of the 25 per cent reduction granted by congress in this year's tax bill. The checks, totaling \$46,487, represent the first batch of refunds to be disposed of by the treasury from the whole number of 1,065,000 persons who remitted their taxes in full in advance of enactment of the legislation.

The treasury expects to have all of the refunds, about \$16,000,000, turned back by the middle of September.

Assails German Plan.

"The experts' report to be regarded as a substitute for the provisions of the Versailles treaty, he said, but it was willing to accept it as the better way of dealing with the reparations problem. His task was to try to effect a preliminary agreement.

Wasles American Arbitrator.

Mr. MacDonald said that he and the French leader had agreed to try to add an American member to the reparations commission when dealing with German defalcations under the experts' report. The American would look after the interests of investors and be a representative agent general.

The British government considered that the American should be voted in the event of a failure to reach a unanimous decision from the reparations commission, Mr. MacDonald continued.

The French government desired to leave the final decision on this point to the London conference, and to that he had agreed. The French further desired to associate interallied debts with the experts' report, but to that he could not agree, and it was arranged that the matter should be discussed between the two officials.

**No Military Facts.**

The British government also made it clear that nothing in future military plans would be entertained. The main object of the conversations was to make the conference possible. The question of the total amount of reparations to be paid was not discussed.

A statement was to be put in operation with the full agreement among the allies and the consent of Germany, Mr. MacDonald added.

Mr. MacDonald's statement is adversely criticized by members of parliament of all parties in the lobbies this evening, and the feeling seems to be that he has given away too much to the French. This particularly is so with regard to the treatment of the German.

**POINCARE SPEECH MILD**

BY HENRY WALES.  
[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

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PARIS, July 10.—The long heralded

THIS STORE CLOSES SATURDAYS, July and August, at 1:00 P. M.

## STOUT WOMEN

Lane Bryant Prices on New Summer Apparel Are Now Radically Reduced

**Lane Bryant.**  
1011 N. WABASH AVE.

## JULY CLEARANCE SUMMER APPAREL

Sizes 38 to 56—SECOND FLOOR

**Silk Dresses, 19.75 \$25 39.75**

Georgette Crepes, beautiful Canvons and Crepe de Chine. Printed Crepes and Foulards. Some veiled with Georgette. Many lovely beaded models.

Val. to 69.75 Now 49.75 Val. to 95.00 Now 69.75

Val. to 65.00 Now 46.00 Val. to 110.00 Now 79.50

Val. to 75.00 Now 55.00 Val. to 195.00 Now 135.00

**Cool Dresses, \$10 12.75 \$15**

Tailored Linens, plain and figured Volles, Ratines, Cotton Crepes, etc.; light and dark shades and lovely flower trim.

29.75 Dresses Now 19.75 45.00 Dresses Now 25.00

35.00 Dresses Now 22.50 49.75 Dresses Now 29.75

**High Grade Coats \$25 \$45 \$55**

Smart Sports Coats of Imported Woolens and fleecy Striped Materials on swagger tailors. Other models of fine Poiret Twills and Silks, three-quarter and full lengths.

**ALL SUITS ARE NOW HALF PRICE**

**Sweaters, 4.95 12.75 19.75**

Fibre Silk, Wool, and Silk and Wool, dark shades and color combinations. Sizes 38 to 56. Amazing value.

**SKIRTS, SILK, WOOL, \$10, 12.75, 19.75**

**BLOUSES Cotton, \$3.95 9.75 12.75**

**20% OFF—UNDERWEAR—20% OFF**

**BATHING SUITS, 3.95, 8.95, 10.95**

**RUBBER CORSETS, SPECIAL AT 8.50**

**Adapo Shoes for Stout Women**

For All Feet Hard to Fit \$10

Sizes 11—Widths AAA to EEE

Other Styles at \$10

**ADAPTO** shoes are fashion-  
able, also, adapting the suc-  
cessful footwear fashion as  
rapidly as they are launched.

Other new styles, \$12.50 up.

Patent, Black and Brown  
Kid, Black Satin

**Other styles at \$10**

For comfort ADAPTO shoes  
have no equal. With their re-  
inforced arch and amply heel fit-  
ting they support the foot and  
evenly distribute the body's  
weight.

ADAPTO shoes are fashion-  
able, also, adapting the suc-  
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Patent, Black and Brown  
Kid, Black Satin

**Dr. B. Schindler, foot specialist, supervises fittings. No charge.**

## GERMANS FRAME VOTE BLOC IN U. S. TO REGAIN RUHR

BY GEORGE SELDES.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

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BERLIN, July 10.—A movement is being engineered from Berlin, the Tzarists learn, to swing 1,000,000 German-American voters to the republican or democratic party, according to which party stands by the German nationalists in their demand for a revision of the Versailles treaty, evacuation of the Rhine, and the like. In carrying out the Tzarists plan which the Dawes report is to go to the London conference in order to get the experts' conclusions for the benefit of Germany.

From leading members of the German nationalist party THE Tzarists are informed that these politicians seek their strength in America as one way to bring international influence to bear on Germany. These politicians hold a conference and decide to send emissaries to the leading German-American politicians and financiers in America, and also to send an envoy to interview the republican and democratic candidates.

**Will Interview Dawes.**

The first impulse of this movement was to bring pressure on the German-American voters to support the democratic candidate against Gen. Dawes.

The Tzarists plan is to hold a conference to decide on what to do about Germany.

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Chicago Daily Tribune.  
THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 18, 1845.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 3, 1893, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1924.

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BERLIN—UNDER DEN LINDEN.  
ROME—HOTEL EXCELSIOR.  
FEZING—GRAND HOTEL DES WAGON-LITS.  
TOKIO—IMPERIAL HOTEL.  
MEXICO CITY—HOTEL PRINCESA.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong." Stephen Decatur.

THE TRIBUNE'S  
PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

- 1—Build the Subway Now.
- 2—Abate the Smoke Evil.
- 3—Stop Reckless Driving.
- 4—Elevate Sidewalks Downtown.

## IT'S DAVIS, J. W., AND BRYAN, BUT NOT W. J.

All things come to an end, and the Democratic convention has. John W. Davis, the Morgan attorney, is nominated for President, with Charles W. Bryan, brother of the Commoner, who said in convention that Mr. Davis with his Wall Street retainers was an impossible candidate. All the two candidates have in common is a little initial.

The convention at the start was composed of two principal factions which intended to beat each other. Smith, of New York and Brennan of Illinois intended to beat McAdoo. McAdoo and Bryan intended to beat Smith. Any other outcome was incidental to this and the incidental outcome must have caused some of the delegates to wake up wondering where they had been the night before and who brought them home.

It may seem rational to head a breach and effect a compromise by giving one major faction its second choice and the other major faction the second place, but it is a strange composite which reconciles in a campaign the utterly irreconcilable issues of a convention.

Mr. McAdoo in his intensive pre-convention campaign rallied the south as the son of a confederate officer, the Klan in the south and west as a leader in a tacit sympathizer, approached labor on his record of heading the railroads toward government operation at a loss, and won the Bryanites as a forward looker and a won. The Irish Democrats fought him as a klansman and a provocateur of religious strife. There were also some inerter personal dislikes in this and probably other reasons which may reveal themselves later on.

The convention had agreed on a platform which, if it means anything, does not say it. That left things clear for a swing in any direction. Mr. Bryan could accept the platform, but he must have a headache looking at the candidate for Vice President and wondering how he can eat the words he spoke to the convention declaring the utter unavailability of the candidate for President.

The Bryanites must compose themselves to accept a candidate specifically hostile to their assumptions and their ideas and do so because one of their irreconcilable number is on the ticket with him. They must do that or they must take to the woods or La Follette. The head of the ticket is a complete contradiction of their theories of government by the people.

It may be granted that Mr. Davis is a man of engaging personality, rectitude of character, humane impulses, with intelligence and a sense of public duty. He is nevertheless to the Bryanites a retainer of international bankers, a representative of the most powerful influence in Wall street, and to Mr. Bryan there are consequences which are unescapable.

For a convention to have had the most obstinate and protracted contest in national convention history between Smith, a radical favoring government ownership, and McAdoo, a radical, and then to unite in swinging over to the most extreme point of conservatism it possibly could reach, is certainly an amazing conclusion to a strange fight.

The Irish Democrats accepted a man who had had the most pleasant relations with the court of Great Britain, as American ambassador, who was valuable to Mr. Morgan in international questions because of his standing, who is committed to the international relations which these bankers desire and who is a strong league of nations man. All this is contradictory to the traditions of the Irish leaders in the Democratic party, but nothing was thought of it. Newton Baker could not get a Wilsonian international plank in the platform. The convention nominated a Wilsonian candidate.

It is a fair conclusion that the political convictions of the convention were overshadowed by dominant personalities blocking each other's way, leaving much more concerned with what happened in the convention than with what might happen in the election.

The nomination of Bryan's brother is so apparent a bit of inconsistency that it exposes itself. It is a bribe to keep Bryan silent. In party regularity Mr. Bryan says he will support the ticket. Ostensibly he said that before he knew his brother had been put on the rear seat with Mr. Morgan's attorney in front.

La Follette could have dictated the nominations he would have selected Mr. Davis. That nomination is made to order for him. The elements to which La Follette will make his appeal have no one but him. He laid his campaign down first on his war record, one of opposition which engrosses him the Teutonic vote and which already has given him the endorsement of the Socialists, who are Teutonic before they are Socialists.

Farmers who believe that their ills can all be traced to the east cannot register their grievances against the Republican party and its eastern control by voting for Mr. Davis of Wall street. No Republican dissenter who finds Mr. Coolidge's New England tradition too conservative can escape to the Democratic ticket. Radical labor might have taken McAdoo. It can have no dealings with Davis. Wherever there is discontent, complaint, belief in personal injury, and in organized oppression there can be no candidate but La Follette.

We're not predicting, but it seems apparent that La Follette has been given a big impetus west of the Mississippi. If it were probable that the election might not make a choice after this campaign it has become more probable.

You cannot tell. There may be no majority in

the electoral college. There may be no choice possible in the house of representatives. The next President of the United States may be chosen as Vice President in the United States senate, and he may be Charles W. Bryan. That is just looking at what might happen. If it does, William J. Bryan may sit at the White House table as a member of the family and say that life plays funny tricks.

## JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

This is a birthday anniversary in a historic American family, the Adams, probably the most distinctive living family in American public affairs. John Quincy Adams was born July 11, 1767, and as a small boy on a hill top he watched Charlestown burning and the British storming Breed's hill.

A hundred years ago the house of representatives elected him President of the United States, the last of aristocratic government, whether from the Puritan source or from the old dominion. With him the tradition of government by aristocratic social philosophers, soldiers, scholars, men devoted to diplomatic affairs and of world experience stopped. The democracy took charge of the public, expanding its processes as it extended its frontiers until now, with the enfranchisement of women, it rests its government upon the widest possible basis of adult suffrage.

However dangerously exposed to error and weakness this form of democracy was, it was unequal. The modern political organization had arisen in New York, based on the science of epochs, the effectiveness of the professional political community leader, and loyalties which were held by jobs. The alliance of this organization, destined to be controlled by Martin Van Buren, with the vivid, passionate western popular hero and leader, Andrew Jackson, ended the first period of American history and gave us the century in which the democracy has been evolving from the ground up.

We have been painfully struggling back to the administrative virtue of aristocratic government, trying by law to obtain what came instinctively from the character and honor of the early Presidents, from their scrupulous code. Adams, knowing what he must expect from the bitternesses of life, did not let his scruples get in the way of his ambition.

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## How to Keep Well. By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit, or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations, and where a stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Evans will not make a diagnosis or prescribe for individual disease. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

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## SWEATING THAT HELPS.

EXCESSIVE sweating is not of no service in keeping one cool on a very hot day. This is one of the conclusions of Dr. Elsikman who studied the effects of tropical heat on men with scientific precision. Sweating is of great service in getting rid of the heat produced by the body in muscle work, breathing, heart work, digestion, thinking, and other activities. But the only perspiration which is of service in this connection is that which occurs with skin temperature.

The perspiration which runs down the nose and drops off, which is mopped off with a pocket handkerchief does no good. Fanning and standing in air currents promotes the evaporation of perspiration and therefore increases the proportion of the secretion which serves a cooling purpose.

Very dry air, such as that of Arizona, will evaporate more perspiration than will the moist air of the sea shore. Therefore, in very dry climates, perspiration is more cooling than in those climates where the humidity is high.

Dr. Elsikman says that perspiration which saturates the clothing does not cool the skin except as wet clothes conduct heat better than dry ones.

To offset the gain from better conduction, wet soiled garments are less pervious to air.

Another observation by Dr. Elsikman relates to the pallor of white people living in hot climates. This pallor is more noticeable when the climate is hot and moist than it is when it is hot and dry. People who live in hot climates are more prone to have acne due to hookworm and other parasites and malaria. This explains why some of the people in hot climates are pale.

The great majority of them, however, are not free either from malaria, hookworm or other parasites. Careful examination of the blood of these people shows that they are not anemic. Their blood is up to the average in richness. They recover quickly after hemorrhage. They appear anemic without being so.

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## INSULL SPEEDS PUBLIC OWNING OF ELEVATED

Stock Sales Set Fast  
Pace for Diver.

BY OSCAR HEWITT.

Mayor Diver's scheme to get municipal ownership of the surface and elevated lines, which he advocated during his campaign more than fifteen months ago, will have to speed up to be successful.

The elevated lines are being "peopled," to use a utility term. Stock is being sold to employees and patrons of the lines at the rate of approximately 250 shares a day. On June 9 \$5,000,000 in stock was offered employees and patrons, and more than \$2,100,000 has sold to date—some of it for cash, but much more on the installment plan.

This stock at par pays 7.8 per cent, and the dividends are payable monthly. The first one has been paid since the stock sale started.

Mayor Diver and his M. O. friends are being given a free rein to do whatever they can, but no authorized statement has been made regarding what progress, if any, has been made, or whether any really is expected.

**Would Double Effectiveness.**  
With the additional expenditure of \$23,100,000 Mr. Insull predicts that the facilities of the elevated practically would be doubled, on only one additional condition. That is a subway through the loop between 18th street and North avenue. That the city has the money and authority to build that subway would permit an increase of 118 per cent an hour in the number of rapid transit cars through the loops.

The \$23,100,000 in proposed expenditures is planned for 15.15 miles of extensions and for increasing the number of tracks on the present elevated structures. These extensions cannot be built nor can additional tracks be laid in certain places without council authorization.

If the improvements suggested by Mr. Insull are made, however, he predicts that the elevated system will carry 200,000,000 more passengers a year.

**Hopes for Rapid Growth.**

The man of that enormous figure can best be conveyed by the company's statement that its "average passenger traffic in 1923, exclusive of interurban traffic over its lines, was 203,953,574. In a word, it is proposed to double the elevated facilities and to do it within six or seven years, or sooner if the cash is available.

Two million of the \$5,000,000 in stock is to be used to retire bonds of the B. & W. Side elevated, but the remainder will go to improvements. One hundred new steel motor cars probably will eat up \$2,400,000 more; and the remainder—with an additional sum—will be used to get longer trains. This means the extension of sundry platforms, new air brakes and car controls.

With the exception of certain eight car trains on the Northwestern road to Loyola station, all of the trains are five and six cars in length. The plan is to use eight car trains throughout the system.

**To Increase Carrying Power.**

By that alone it is expected that the capacity will be increased from 12 to 18 per cent, without so large an increase in operation. This percentage means an increase of between \$6,000 and \$8,000 riders a day. The sale of the stock to date assures the success of the improvement program.

To that can be attached unusual significance, because this stock sale probably is only a forerunner of a general program of financing which will come along later, involving \$23,100,000.

Samuel Insull, chairman of the board, was confident that the "customer-stockholder" plan would work, because he has used it extensively in distributing the stock of the Commonwealth Edison company.

The city council is scheduled to study the matter at its next session. Perhaps when the aldermen reconvene Mayor Diver will have his plan of acquiring the transportation lines ready to formally submit to the city council.

**HEAD THE TRIBUNE!**

July 6.—THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE is under the impression that it is the world's paper. It is not; and as I am to disillusion those who

policy is rotten; rotten instead of concentrating its efforts on presenting its ideas, radical and progressive, they are. The progressive will not be bitten, smitten, and ludicrous editorial writers, who seem with a sense of satire and a remarkable lack of power of reason.

is powerless. In its farcical attacks on the editorial writers, it has had to compromise, if nothing except the respect for government, survives. It is manifestly part and prejudiced. Then the editorials? Well, there are types of the non-sense which silence.

MILTON S. MAYER.

On YOUR birthday send your Mother Flowers—Stollery Basket Bouquet—sweet remembrance of the day.

\$3.00 and up  
Telephone, write or call. We deliver everywhere and telegraph flowers all over the world.

Sports Hats, \$1.75 and up; Debutante Salon, \$7.50 and up; English and American, \$3.75 up; Untrimmed Hats, \$1.75 up; Junior Hats, \$1.75 and up; French Salon, \$10 and up.

Women's Millinery, Fifth Floor, North and Middle, State.  
Junior Millinery, Fourth Floor, Middle, State.

Store Your Furs and Winter Apparel Now in Our Cold Dry-Air Storage Vaults to Protect Them Against Moths, Fire and Theft

## FEAR GERMAN LANDRU KILLED MORE THAN 22

**HANOVER, Germany, July 10.—** [By the Associated Press.]—The list of numbers attributed to a man named Haarmann, who already has been found to have killed twenty-two persons, is growing. Several families, whose sons recently disappeared, but who have not suspected they might have been victims of the mass murderer, have now begun searches to determine whether the missing men might have been killed by him.

Franz Schuhmacher of Berlin, who came here to look for his son, found his hat, his handkerchief and four of his ties in Haarmann's cellar. The cellar is a low room made sound proof by boards and thick wall paper and built close to the Leine river, into which the murderer cast parts of the bodies of his victims.

**Eight Pirate Vessels  
Seize \$500,000 in Rum**

**HALIFAX, N. S., July 10.—** [By the Associated Press.]—French authorities here are investigating reports of a raid on the French steamship Mulhouse off the New Jersey coast two weeks ago by rum pirates who took \$1,200 cases of liquor valued at \$500,000.

When the Mulhouse arrived here, Capt. Ferrene reported that the vessel was boarded on June 24 by thirty raiders who imprisoned the crew for ten days while they transferred the liquor to eight schooners.

Mayor Diver and his M. O. friends are being given a free rein to do whatever they can, but no authorized statement has been made regarding what progress, if any, has been made, or whether any really is expected.

**Once Did Same Work.**

"When I came to this country as a lad I went to work in the steel mills," said Mr. Davis. "I used to do just this sort of work, making these steel girders," he pointed to a joist that was being swung into place.

According to Mr. E. Trifanis, superintendent for Hegeman & Harris, Secretary Davis had climbed to the fifteenth floor, to which height the

## TRIBUNE TOWER DRAWS PRAISES OF SEC. DAVIS

"Eighty-five per cent of the cost of the Tribune Tower will eventually go to labor," said Mr. J. J. Davis, secretary of labor, after a personal inspection of the skeleton tower and the complete specifications yesterday. Mr. Davis, it was learned, is gathering plans for the building of a new building on the North Western railroad with the number 100.

"Great!" he exclaimed. "They didn't make them like that big when I was a mill hand. This certainly is one of the most interesting and unusual bits of construction that I have in

steel framework now reaches.

Below them spread Chicago, dwarfed in the perspective of the vast pyramid of big business, of commerce, of building.

"Look at it," remarked Mr. Davis.

"Think of this labor that went into building this city.

Look at the other new buildings going up, there to the north, the west,

the few people realize just

how important a part labor has played in all of this."

**Sees Giant Girders.**

Mr. Davis commented on the widespread interest the building of The Tribune Tower had created. He was shown the thirty-five ton and thirty-

ton girders that were so large

they could not be shipped over the North Western railroad with the number 100.

"Great!" he exclaimed. "They

didn't make them like that big when I

was a mill hand. This certainly is one

of the most interesting and unusual

bits of construction that I have in

## Tory Defeats Labor Man in British Bye Election

**LONDON, July 10.—** [By the Associated Press.]—Capt. Tufton Beamish, conservative, was elected to parliament yesterday in a by election in the Lewes division of Sussex. He defeated Capt. Basil Hall, labor, and Howard Williams, liberal.

## Shoots at Wife as She Bathes Baby; Fired \$200

**For shooting at his wife while she was bathing their 4 months' old baby, William Gamble of 1316 Lynn street, Evanston, was fined by Magistrate Max Withrow when arraigned yesterday on a charge of assault with intent to kill. Testimony showed that Gamble had been drinking.**

## YOU MEN AND WOMEN OF 30! Sore, Bleeding Gums Now Mean Tooth- less Gums at 50.

**More Teeth Lost from Pyorrhosis Than Any Other Disease, Say Dentists. Recent  
New Scientific Preparation to Heal  
Gums and Rebuild Vitality of Tissues.**

**20-Day Treatment Guaranteed**

**Planned to Use—Leave Mouth in Clean, Whole-some Condition.**

In the mouths of eight out of ten men and women of 30 and over, the teeth are sore, bleeding, and many other serious ailments.

Thanks to British Science, however, there is now a remedy for pyorrhosis.

It is a new scientific preparation.

## Elmer Happy to Hear Home Talent Again

Sweet, Sweet Music His Particular Dish.

### BY ELMER DOUGLASS.

Back in Chicago, and hungry as a bear for a good meal of good music; no ordinary, just music!

The Drake concert ensemble and the Blackstone String quintet—well, they seem to have chosen an extra fine program for the home coming.

Tuning in WEBH at 8:20 the lovely tones of a familiar piano number by a master composer—"The Swan," by Saint-Saens, played by Esther Barry.

Over to KYW, where James W. Mitchell was singing, "Where Ere You Walk?" by Handel. Could hardly these hands sing? Could hardly away from KYW this time, for Mr. Mitchell and Merrie Mitchell, soprano, were giving a very fine program.

But one glace at W-G-N program and I knew that there was something exceptional on the air from that station—and the name of the Schumann concerto (what a fortunate name for a pianist!) opened the program with Chopin's "Impromptu in F Major," which was also a fortunate selection. Had Chopin been listening with me, am sure he would have said, "Wonderful! Wonderful!" And the beautiful little musical scene in Schumann's "Waldes ruhe" I wish Schubert could have heard. Miss Schumann play that number.

Mrs. Otis Jester in "My Heart at Thy Sweet Voice" from "Samson and Delilah" won this heart for the rest of her recital, and then some.

While listening and writing, in comes the people's church choir of the Metropolitan Community center, a WLS. Well, well, well. Negro spirituals—"Deep River," "Swanee River," "Wade in the Water"—and the pastor, that one. Yes sir, just like the Negro camp meetings I used to hear down in Indiana. "Oh, 'Swing Low, Sweet Chariot'—turned on full power for that one; "Couldn't Hear Nobody Pray" (we almost could!) And then "America," and how touchingly the words, "My country, 'tis of thee, sweet land of liberty, of thee I sing." Feels like saying hallelujah!

WLS announcer, if their singing sounds as good at People's church as they do here in the studio, you will find me at the church next Sunday, absolutely! Well, choir, come back again!

What's this coming in through the next door? O, yes, our old friend Bert Davis at W-G-N, singing "Sen' Raining" and "My Baby" and some selection for his debut at this station. Then his "Tell Them You Are from Virginia"—with locomotive and everything that goes with it, as "Sen" announced.

Instead of saying any more laudatory things about Bert Davis at this time I'd better be feeding those hungry printers!

### MISSING HUSBAND BACK; WIFE HAS ANOTHER MATE

Tennyson's "Enoch Arden" found an echo in Morals court yesterday when Judge Frank N. Padden took under consideration the case of Victor W. Bruno.

The latter's husband, John Bruno, disappeared in 1913. For two years, she claims, she sought him in vain. Then she married Wardski and bore him a son, who is now 7 years old. Recently Bruno reappeared to claim his wife. She tried to divorce him, but the attorneys meanwhile to attempt a settlement out of court.

**Boy Falls from Roof of Home; Dies of Injuries**

Nine year old Lawrence Phelps died in Evanston hospital yesterday of injuries received Tuesday night, when he fell from the roof of his home at 1109 Linden avenue, Wilmette. He had been playing there with a brother. The boy's father is W. W. Phelps, sales manager of the Chicago Portrait company.

## A Radio Set for You

If you would like a practical, workable, radio set with a radius of over twenty-five miles, ask us about our **Radi-O-Bank**. This is a combination of a home savings bank and a radio crystal set, which you can obtain by opening a special savings account under our Radi-O-Bank Plan. Let us give you the details.

## Harris Trust & Savings Bank

Organized as N. W. Harris & Co. 1882. Incorporated 1907  
115 WEST MONROE STREET, CHICAGO

Capital and Surplus, \$6,000,000  
Savings Department Open Saturdays Until 8 P. M.

Your Personal  
Bank

## TODAY'S RADIO PROGRAMS

(Daylight Saving Time Throughout)

This is the night for the big radio test.

W-G-N (formerly WDAP). The Tribune's broadcasting station located at the Drake hotel, will be linked with WAF, one of New York's most popular stations, the "Broadway station." Popular features will be put on the air and sent out direct from Tribune station.

You may have tuned in on WEF and listened to its interesting features. If you will do so, it will help determine the possibility of linking up a chain of powerful stations for the broadcasting of one entertainment program.

This plan has aroused wide discussion among radio enthusiasts. It has many friends and many foes. Tune in tonight on a wave length of 370 meters (W-G-N's) and you can determine the Tribune station decide whether the stunt is worthwhile or a disappointment.

W-G-N will be glad to hear what you think of the test.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BROADCASTING STATION (FORMERLY WDAP). WGN. Chicago.

7:45-8:30 a. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

8:30-9:15 a. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

9:15-10:30 a. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

10:30-11:15 a. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

11:15-12:30 a. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

12:30-1:15 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

1:15-2:00 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

2:00-2:45 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

2:45-3:30 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

3:30-4:15 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

4:15-5:00 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

5:00-5:45 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

5:45-6:30 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

6:30-7:15 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

7:15-8:00 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

8:00-8:45 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

8:45-9:30 p. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

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6:30-7:15 a. m.—"Morning Broadcast" (1920). Dan Malone, Concert.

EIGHT BEDFORD LOOP STORES!

Randolph and Dearborn 24-26 E. Adams 20 E. Monroe

41 W. Adams. A new store on S. E. Cor. Clark & Van Buren

Bedford Stores are Open Saturday Evenings

H. JOSELT, President

See this Film-Story in the

**Bedford Show Window**  
in the BEDFORD store at the N.W. Cor. Jackson & State Sts.

**New! - Novel! - See It!**

## BEDFORD SHIRT CO

H. JOSELT, President

Corsette combinations, 6.50

## HOLD PEEKS TO GRAND JURY AS BLACKMAILERS

Geoff Peck and his son, Clarence, arrested in connection with the \$50,000 extortion letter written to Senator and Mrs. Medill McCormick, were sent to the county jail in Rockford yesterday to await action by the Grand jury.

When he was arraigned in court during the afternoon in the presence of Mrs. McCormick, the elder Peck repeated his account of the robbery to the right, his well-to-do employer and a fellow church member of the McCormicks. He declared that Wright ordered him to pick up the package of money which the extortion letter specified should be placed in a certain culvert if the senator's family wished to "live happily for the rest of their lives."

Wright will be arraigned tomorrow, and State's Attorney William Johnson, declared he will be the subject of a thorough investigation. Peck and son, both from North Carolina, are to be given a mental examination.

## OUTSIDE CHICAGO

7:45-WGY (286). Schenectady, N. Y. Program for WGY.

8:00-WIAZ (260). South Bend. Big Five orchestra.

8:30-WIB (151). Buffalo. Musical program.

9:00-WWD (411). Kansas City, Mo. Semi-classical recital.

9:30-WDO (500). Philadelphia. Grand opera recital.

10:00-WCR (440). Montreal. Musical program.

10:30-WFB (474). Fort Worth. Concert.

11:00-WLB (290). Louisville. Concert.

11:30-WLG (417). Minneapolis, St. Paul. Band concert.

12:00-WOB (484). Davenport. Musical program.

12:30-WFB (509). Philadelphia. Dance music program.

1:00-WWV (217). Detroit. Band concert.

1:30-WBZ (327). Springfield, Mass. Concert.

2:00-WBZ (319). Buffalo. Dance music program.

2:30-WGR (419). Toledo. Supper dance music program.

3:00-WLG (417). Minneapolis, St. Paul. Fort Worth. Orchestra concert.

3:30-WHN (360). New York. Dance orchestra.

4:00-WGR (417). Fort Worth. Orchestra concert.

4:30-WGR (417). Fort Worth. Orchestra concert.

5:00-WGR (417). Fort Worth. Orchestra concert.

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9:30-WGR (417). Fort Worth. Orchestra concert.



## FOSTER FATHER TO VISIT YOUNG BELGIAN ORPHAN

Streator Farmer Plans to  
Sail July 19.

Ten years ago a young Belgian lawyer left his bride and hung himself in the path of the German march to Paris. He was twice wounded in action, twice cited for bravery, then killed by a shell the last week of the war. Now the 9 year old boy, who never saw his father, is looking forward eagerly to a visit from his adopted father.

When Edward C. Kline, wealthy fancy gardener of Streator, Ill., sail his family on the Majestic, July 19, he will be Belgian at home of the boy, his education in Germany, his own father's native land.

"The first thing I want to see is the spot where the first shot was fired by Belgians against the German invasion," he says.

**Hated the Germans.** This hatred of the Germans, however, has not been instilled in him by his father who died, like Carl Schurz, to this country when he feared for his life after the revolution of 1848. From the very beginning of the war Mr. Kline was a zealous champion of Belgium and he was tireless in war activities and donations.

When the Belgians expressed their gratitude through their ambassador, he asked if they would send him a sword—a sword actually drawn in the defense of Belgium. Finally it came—the sword Commander G. de la Ruwiere had used in one of the battles, stained with German blood.

Today it is the treasure of the Kline home. Not only a symbol of the bravery and loyalty of a nation but an inspiration and patriotism for Theron Kline, an 11 year old American boy, who stands with awe and admiration of his own country.

Soon after this Mr. Kline asked the officer to find an orphan boy he could educate as "worthy to be a defender of the Belgium of the future."

**Boy Is Making Good.** Little Robert Drion of Brussels was chosen. His mother was working in a bowery shop, lonely and abject, but strong enough to keep the two of them alive with no possibility of saving for the future. When she learned that an American had offered to support her son, to send him on to school, it was a dream come true, a chance for her boy to find a home in the world that her husband had left her. Now the ambitious little Belgian is gritting his teeth and holding first place in his class at school and sending report cards to his adopted father—"to make you proud of me!"

"I'm so well pleased, that I want my wife to adopt a little girl while we're over there, as well as well as two Belgian children as well as two Americans," he said.

He plans to have both Robert and his mother accompany his wife and son on their tour of Belgium and the neighboring war areas.

## Artistic Shingle Bobbing

In Many Different Styles



### Also Permanent Waving

in the large loose waves by the  
Nestle Lanoil Process  
(Wave Will Last All Summer)

We also have beautiful Bob Wigs with drawn partings and in swirl pompadour effects all ready to put on.

These Little French Wigs cling closely to the head and cannot be distinguished from one's own hair.

**Every Lady Should Visit  
BURNHAM'S**

Our work in preserving the beauty of women is known the world over. Expert operators in every department specializing in FACIAL treatments for the beauty of the skin.

**Electrolysis** for the removal of superfluous hair and other skin blemishes.

We employ more than two hundred specialists—each one an expert—come to BURNHAM'S

**E. BURNHAM, Inc.**  
138 North State Street

Manicuring · Hairdressing · Hairdyeing · Tinting

## LOST REALTOR AGAIN SOUGHT IN SOUTHWEST

### Harold Bradley's Wife Still Has Hope.

Search for Harold Bradley, young realtor mysteriously missing since June 26, turned for the second time to the southwest yesterday following a supposed clue furnished by Miss Frances Dorsey, an employee of the state department at Springfield, Ill.

Many of Bradley's friends were forced to the conclusion that Miss Dorsey was the missing woman.

The fact that she had been Bradley driving his Packard roadster along a state highway near Peoria the Sunday after his disappearance. With him was a young woman.

The fact that Miss Dorsey took note of the license of the Packard and later noted it among the list of licensees of the State of Illinois.

She is employed by the Federal Reserve bank and eleven other Federal Reserve banks or branches.

**Flown Over 2,000,000 Miles.**

Col. Henderson said that the mail planes had flown over 2,000,000 miles, much of it by night, without a fatal accident.

The efficiency of the air mail is estimated to be 99.99 per cent.

Col. Henderson, assistant postmaster general, to the Illinois Bankers' association. He produced figures to show that the saving of time in the air mail service would produce an annual saving of \$809,589 in interest charges on securities held in trust.

The speaker, using the 1,000 miles distance between Chicago and New York as an example, said that if with a compass and Chicago as the center, a circle were drawn on the map, it would enclose approximately two-thirds of the United States and Canada with their great agricultural and manufacturing areas.

**Work While Bankers Sleep.**

It is feasible to operate aircraft at night between any two important cities where the distance is approximately 1,000 miles.

It is entirely possible to bring mail over here from New York or to take it there, while the banker sleeps. This we can and will do if you want it done."

Indicating a future network of aerial mail routes running out of Chicago, the speaker, using the 1,000 miles distance between Chicago and New York as an example, said that if with a compass and Chicago as the center, a circle were drawn on the map, it would enclose approximately two-thirds of the United States and Canada with their great agricultural and manufacturing areas.

**FINED ON WOMAN'S STORY.**

Martin B. Boosa, 600 North Dearborn street, was fined \$100 and costs yesterday for a story he wrote in the Sheffield avenue court yesterday.

**PICTURES ON BACK PAGE.**

# GREAT FINNISH RUNNER WINS 2 OLYMPIC RACES

Nurmi Lives Up to Promises.

## OLYMPIC STANDING

COLMBOES STADIUM, Paris, July 10.—[By Associated Press.] The United States led Finland, its closest rival, by 7½ points at the end of the fifth day of the Olympic track and field events. Following is the standing:

United States	175½	South Africa	7½
Finland	103	England	45½
England	45½	Norway	4
Sweden	24½	New Zealand	3
France	13½	Denmark	3
Switzerland	10	Canada	2

Tomorrow's Olympic program follows:

1000-Decathlon 100 meters flat.
1000-Semi-finals, 400 meter run, decathlon broad jump.
4000-8000, 3,000 meter team race.
4000-Trials 10,000 meters walk, decathlon high jump.
4000-Finals 400 meter run.
4000-Decathlon high jump.
4000-Finals 400 meter run.
4000-Decathlon 400 meter run.

BY DON SKENE.

(Pictures on back page.)

CHICAGO TRIBUNE SPECIAL NEWS SERVICE. (Copyright 1924 by The Chicago Tribune.)

PARIS, July 10.—Paavo Nurmi of Finland achieved the greatest running feat in the history of the modern Olympic games at Colombe stadium this afternoon. With the minimum of rest between the events, this frail looking little man with shining hair and legs of a child, trained in the barracks of his northland, won the 1,500 and 5,000 meter races from the world's best athletes, breaking Olympic records at times, although not extending himself to the full limit of his unusual strength.

The United States shared in the first place in today's program with two decisive victories when Lee Barnes, 17, and Carl Schenck, 18, won the pole vault, and Fred "Toots" Hall, young Boston giant, captured the hammer.

Swede Sets Record.

Another hero whose glory was dimmed by Nurmi's titanic success today, was J. Imbach of Switzerland, who broke the world's record in the semi-final heat of the 400 meters race with a distance cutting one-fifth of a second from the mark made by C. D. Reidpath of America at Stockholm in 1912.

Today's victories in the events kept the United States well ahead of their rivals, with 175½ points to Finland's 103 and Sweden's 45½.

A crowd of 30,000 trekked to Colombe to watch Nurmi, and he sent them all home declaring he was the most brilliant distance runner the world ever produced.

The 400 meter race furnished the test. Running smoothly and easily, as well tuned as an automobile motor, Nurmi took the lead early, his nearest rival, Ray Watson of the Illinois A. C., ten yards behind. At the second lap Watson still was hanging on, but when one lap from the finish he began to falter and had to stop, catch his breath, and then drew it away beside the track.

Paavo Began to Run.

Card Taylor, New York A. C., and Harold Fitch, Chicago A. A., were the only Americans to qualify for the semi-finals in the 400 meter race. Robert Watson, the other American entrant, was shut out of the semi-final elimination heats. Wilson finished third to Imbach, the new world's record holder from Switzerland. A thrilling battle is expected in the finals, with Taylor and Fitch against Imbach and Engdahl of Sweden, who finished a step behind Imbach in the record breaking heat.

Paavo Began to Run.

Without the encumbering watch, the Finnish wizard started some serious running. He increased the already alluring pace and Watson dropped back into the rear ranks. At the turn into the final stretch, Nurmi reached the crest of heart racking speed, which gave him a sure lead, and then he allowed up as he crossed the tape, looking back at his broken rivals. Schenck, a dark horse from Switzerland, finished second, beating out the star of the show, Stan Lee, who collapsed at the finish line. Lee Barnes was Nurmi, and then the Americans, Hall and Hahn, fifth and sixth.

Nurmi's time was 5:33.5, one second behind his own world's record.

Nurmi went to the side of the track, picked up his watch, and jogged to a dressing room, where he took a little refreshment, munching bits of dried fish.

Wins Another Race.

Then came the 5,000 meters run, which developed into one of the most magnificent running duels ever seen between Nurmi and his compatriot, Risto Ritala, twice world's record holder in the 10,000 meters.

The race between Finland's two greatest athletes, who are bitterly jealous of each other and are both seeking the athletic crown of Finland.

The stocky Swede, Wide, took the lead in the first lap, with Ritala at his heels. Nurmi well back, but at the end of the third lap Paavo was in third place.

Wide, Ritala, and Nurmi, bunched in that order, drew away from the field until the end of the fifth lap, which was the half way mark. Then Nurmi looked at his watch as calmly as a horseman at his death, took the lead. Half past three, when the sixth Ritala passed Wide and then took the lead himself for 200 yards.

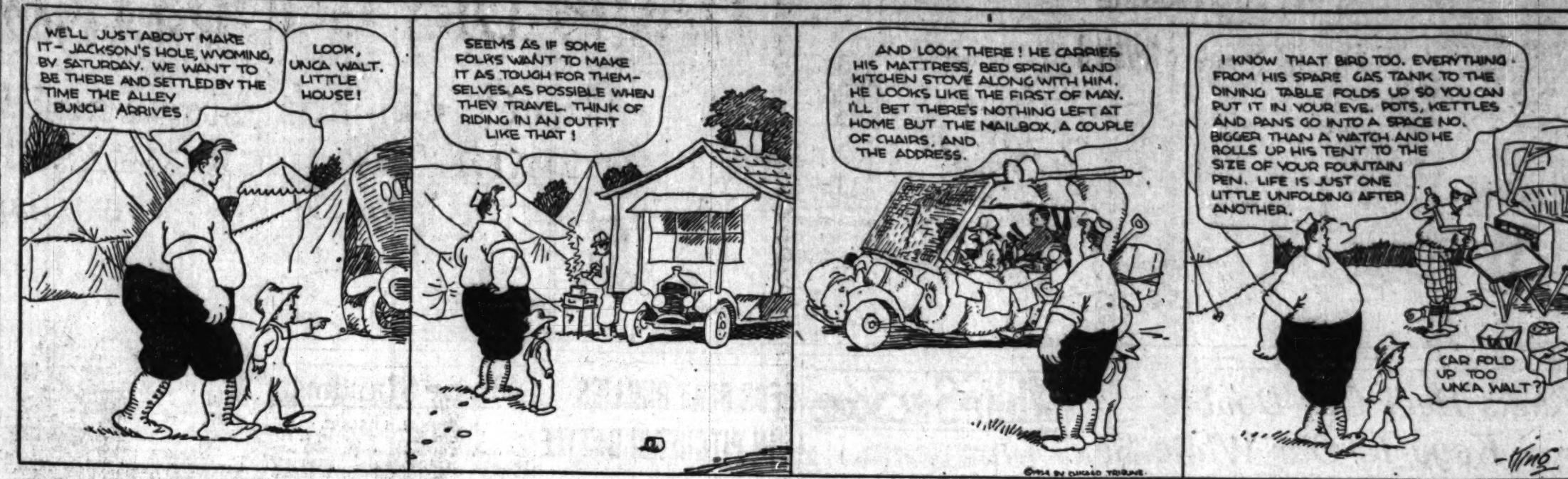
Kill Off Swede.

Nurmi shot back into the lead and Ritala set a pace which killed off the Swede.

At the eighth lap Nurmi spurred Ritala ten yards behind, but at the ninth lap Ritala won his way back to Nurmi's heels. At the 10th lap Nurmi started a frenetic pace, but Ritala clung like a bulldog to his rival's flank.

Into the stretch came the two most athletic runners—Nurmi running in his athletic style, with the taller Ritala, arms pumping, legs flying, showing a great deal of speed and stamina.

About twenty yards from the tape Nurmi turned his head and saw Ritala almost abreast. The little Finn unleashed a last burst of sprinting, which enabled him to a tremendous victory



## FRENCH OFFICIAL SAYS 1928 OLYMPIC GAMES WILL BE HELD IN U.S.

COLMBOES STADIUM, Paris, July 10.—[By Gaston Vidal, French minister of sport, today announced that the 1928 Olympic games will be held in Los Angeles.

"I understand from a reliable source that the American government has waived its claim," M. Vidal said.

"We will take a strong French team to Los Angeles."

He broke the tape a yard ahead of Ritala. Wide finished third, with John Romig, Penn State, fourth. Sepulveda, Skidmore, fifth, and Clifton of England sixth. The cross country race was won by Ritala, and Ritala a roaring victory as just as ran off the field apparently just as fresh as before the race.

COAST BOYS WIN POLE VAULT.

Two California boys beat the world in the pole vault. Lee Barnes, 17 years old, and Glenn Graham, 18, outpointed all their opponents and then fought it out for first honors. The youthful pair tied at 12 feet 1½ inches and then Barnes won the honor of being the youngest Olympic winner by beating Ritala in the final.

Young and age won the hammer throw for Uncle Sam. Tootell, the weight throwing "Tarsan," hurled the old iron sphere 174 feet, which won first place, while second place went to veteran Mat McGrath of the New York club, who thus secured the honor of being the eighteenth victory point in the 1924 Olympic games.

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Young and age won the hammer throw for Uncle Sam. Tootell, the weight throwing "Tarsan," hurled the old iron sphere 174 feet, which won first place, while second place went to veteran Mat McGrath of the New York club, who thus secured the honor of being the eighteenth victory point in the 1924 Olympic games.

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Two California boys beat the world in the pole vault. Lee Barnes, 17 years old, and Glenn Graham, 18, outpointed all their opponents and then fought it out for first honors. The youthful pair tied at 12 feet 1½ inches and then Barnes won the honor of being the youngest Olympic winner by beating Ritala in the final.

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## CUBS TAKE TWO FROM ROBINS AND GAIN ON GIANTS

### GAINING A LAP

CHICAGO—FIRST GAME.

	AB	R	B	H	T	B	R	S	H	S	P	A
State, cf. ....	3	2	3	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	1	9
Holloman, 2b. ....	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grantham, 3b. ....	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Fritsch, 1b. ....	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Grigsby, lf. ....	5	1	2	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4
De Berry, c. ....	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
O'Farrell, c. ....	3	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
Kaufmann, p. ....	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b> ....	34	9	12	9	4	0	1	27	11	2	0	2

	AB	R	B	H	T	B	R	S	H	S	P	A
High, 3b. ....	5	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0
Wheat, 2b. ....	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Fournier, 1b. ....	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Stock, 3b. ....	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
*Nels. ....	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Decatur, p. ....	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
<b>Total</b> ....	32	5	12	20	2	0	0	24	11	2	0	0

\*Batted for De Berry in ninth. Chicago, 2b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Brooklyn, 3b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Wheat, 2b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Fournier, 1b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Stock, 3b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

De Berry, c. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

\*Nels. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Decatur, p. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

**Total** .... 320 512 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

BROOKLYN, 3b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Wheat, 2b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Fournier, 1b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Stock, 3b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

De Berry, c. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

\*Nels. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Decatur, p. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

**Total** .... 320 512 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

BROOKLYN, 3b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Wheat, 2b. .... 200 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

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Tubic Blouse

**Kenneth Carpenters Plan Quiet Summer in Peaceful Winnetka**

BY PANDORA.

The friends, and they are legion, of Mrs. Kenneth Carpenter [formerly Lucretia Green], are delighted to see her up and around again, after an illness which has kept her at home and in the hospital ever since the advent of her young daughter, Josephine. She must look like a picture as she was wont to do, but she never feels awfully well, and that is why she is looking forward to the summer which she and her young husband have planned.

They have rented a furnished house on Hill avenue in Winnetka, and on Tuesday next they leave their apartment at 37 East Division street to spend the next two months in the fresh air, enjoying the benefits of a suburban existence.

The Carpenters are members of Glen View Golf club, and hope to be able to devote much of their time to the outdoor pleasures which that charming club offers. They are planning nothing elaborate in the way of house parties or lengthy guest lists, as they both like the informal and simple entertainments that summer permits.

which are built on tail exceedingly smart. So afford ones of handkerchiefs to the favored waist, the short sleeves, this spied in white dimity or

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for many things. It is at an early age. It is by the best medical and ties as an aid to dis- respiration, and mouth

GROWING TOENAILS her by ill fitting shoes or setting of the nail, and in concave form, the standing beyond the toe, and the shoe is either too narrow, the skin of ped over the nail, and as the flesh is pushed still and inflammation sets in.

&lt;/





## HOGS HIGHEST IN THREE WEEKS IN ACTIVE TRADING

### CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

#### HOGS.

RECEIPTS (estimated),	27,000.
Butts of hams	1,000
Butts, 7,045 lbs	7,555
Butchers, 180,000 lbs	7,162
Heavy and mixed packings	6,500
Light hams	2,500
Medium weight	7,108
Light bacon	100,000 lbs
Good	7,006
Fancy	7,006
Pies, poor to fancy	50,000
Stags, subject to dockage	5,500

RECEIPTS (estimated), 1,000.

Good to choice, 1,000@1.500 lbs. 8.756@10.40

Heavy, 7,045 lbs

Light, 100,000 lbs

Medium weight

Light bacon

Fancy

Pies, poor to fancy

Stags, subject to dockage

#### SHEEP AND LAMBS.

RECEIPTS (estimated), 13,000.

Wool, fine to best

Western lambs

Sheep and lambs

Canning and cutting cows

Poor to fancy calves

Stockers and feeders

#### OUTDOOR LIV. STOCK MARKETS.

Further advances of 50¢/c in hog values yesterday brought the top and average prices to the highest level in three weeks at \$7.55 and \$7.35, respectively. Prevailing quotations are 30¢ above Wednesday, July 2, the low of the week, when the market was \$6.75. This was lowest of the year. Trading continued brisk, with outsiders absorbing more than a fourth of the fresh receipts. Large local packers held back during the early rounds but actively entered the trade and soon and were in the market after mid-morning. The market closed firm at the high point of the day despite a liberal run of 35,000 estimated for today.

Broad local outlet for good beef steers and urgent eastern demand strengthened cattle price further, bringing values 15¢/c closer to closing quotations of the previous week. Most buyers preferred young steers, which showed most advance, although quality was lacking and best 1,000 lb yearlings stopped at \$10.25, with top 997 pounds at \$10.00. Ten

## PRODUCE MARKETS

### DRY GOODS AND GARMENT NEWS

[Copyright: 1924, Fitchell News Service.]

NEW YORK, July 10.—The dry goods market was quiet but firm. All goods were firmly held by first hands. The 6,000,000 yards to the pound was \$1.20, 5,000 yards to the pound was \$1.10, 4,000 yards to the pound was \$1.00 and the 30 squares, 4.00 yards to the pound, stood at 85¢.

Fresh eggs advanced 10¢ with a fair demand. Strength in the east was a factor, for choice killing stock. Aged sheep were firm and little changed in value. Yards linear sold about \$1.50. Breeding lambs were brought \$6.00@6.15. Feeding lambs under good demand at \$11.00@12.00.

Seven western markets received 28,000 cattle, 12,000 hogs, and 28,000 sheep, against 10,000 cattle, 8,000 hogs, and 24,000 sheep the previous Thursday, and 24,000 cattle, 7,000 hogs, and 27,000 sheep delivered.

Demand for fresh fruit was fair, although warmer weather would help the distribution of the market.

Butter markets were easy with New York and Boston the lower. Butter supply was unchanged. Offerings were liberal and demand rather slow. Cheesecakes were only fair with markets somewhat irregular.

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Live poultry was at a reduced price with a 10¢/c increase.

Potatoes in barrels were reduced 10¢/c and in sacks 10¢ to make value. Yards linear sold about \$1.50. Breeding lambs were brought \$6.00@6.15. Feeding lambs under good demand at \$11.00@12.00.

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Potatoes in barrels were reduced 10¢/c and in sacks 10¢ to make value. Yards linear sold about \$1.50. Breeding lambs were brought \$6.00@6.15. Feeding lambs under good demand at \$11.00@12.00.

Demand for fresh fruit was fair, although warmer weather would help the distribution of the market.

Butter markets were easy with New York and Boston the lower. Butter supply was unchanged. Offerings were liberal and demand rather slow. Cheesecakes were only fair with markets somewhat irregular.

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## WHEAT HIGHER; CORN REACTS ON PROFIT TAKING

BY CHARLES MICHAELS.

Bullock reports on the outlook for the wheat crop in the Canadian northwest, with an advance of 1% to 2% in Winnipeg prices, more than offset the effect of the American government's policy of holding prices down. The break in the wheat market came early, but the break brought in free commission house buying and the finish was at net gains of 4% to 5%. All deliveries of corn sold at a new high for the season at the start, but reacted under profit taking, and closed 4% to 5% higher, while oats were 4% to 5% higher.

Dry and hot weather prevailed in parts of the Canadian northwest, and there were claims of hot winds in the Calgary section. Foreigners were buyers of futures at Winnipeg and helped to make the advance there. Houses with eastern connections were again leaders in the times. The government report was issued in a market influence after the opening rush of selling, and the trade from then on gave attention to the outlook for the growing crop on both sides of the international line.

Weather Market in Wheat.

A weather market is on in wheat and rapid price changes are generally expected by the trade. World's situation is not clear, but the market's attitude is that there is a belief that it is simply a question of a short time before foreigners will come to America for supplies. Movement of new winter wheat is increasing. Wichita and Hutchinson report 7,000 cars for the day, while Chicago, 2,000 cars, new winter wheat. Oklahoma purchases to arrive aggregated 100,000 bu. Export sales of 300,000 bu in all positions were probably below the actual figure. July finished at \$1.154, September at \$1.161, October at \$1.162, 1.163, and May at \$1.225.

Corn Reacts at Close.

Corn made its highest prices at the start, with the deferred deliveries the lowest of the day at the market, due to some selling of local stocks, and then along. The early buying was by scattered commission houses on the government report, but later private returns indicated improvement in conditions. The state sales report said outcome in that state was the worst at this season in that year.

July oats at 10¢.

July oats continue to act tight and closed at \$1.014, with shipping sales at \$1.00, making over 1,000,000 bu in three days. September finished at 96¢, December at 88¢ to 95¢, and May at 75¢. Local arrivals were 29 cars. The government report was forgotten at the last.

July Oats Act Tight.

July oats have developed congestion and advanced 2% from the early low on moderate buying. The market closed at 97¢. Deferred deliveries were lower at the start, with shipping sales at 95¢. Cash trade was good, with exports of rye and corn, with foreign market showing more strength than Chicago. Export sales at the seaboard were 300,000 bu. Canadian crop reports were unfavorable.

Big Trade in Lard.

Investment buying of lard by commission houses was on a good scale, and despite free sales by packers prices moved up rapidly and closed with net gains of 2% to 3%. Ribs were 21¢ to 23¢ the day, and 22¢ to 24¢ the next day. Cash trade was good, with exporters after lard at the seaboard. Liver lard closed 26¢ to 6¢ higher. Deliveries on July contracts were 50,000 lbs. Riba. Prices follow:

Clear Bellies.

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